

POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY

cis-Golgi Marker

Anti-GM130 pAb

Code No.
PM061

Quantity
100 μ L

Form
Affinity Purified

BACKGROUND: The Golgi apparatus is a eukaryotic organelle, which is mainly devoted to processing the proteins synthesized in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). GM130 is a member of the golgin family of coiled-coil proteins that localizes predominantly to the cis-Golgi. GM130 might participate in ER-Golgi traffic.

SOURCE: This antibody was purified from rabbit serum using affinity column. The rabbit was immunized with the synthetic peptide corresponding to C-terminus of GM130.

FORMULATION: 100 μ L volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

STORAGE: This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C .

REACTIVITY: This antibody reacts with human GM130 for Western blotting, Immunoprecipitation and Immunocytochemistry.

APPLICATIONS:

Western blotting: 1:1,000 for chemiluminescence detection system

Immunoprecipitation: 2 μ L/300 μ L of cell extract from 1×10^7 cells

Immunohistochemistry: Not tested

Immunocytochemistry: 1:500

Flow cytometry: Not tested

Detailed procedures are provided in the following **PROTOCOLS**.

SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY:

Species	Human	Mouse*	Rat
Cells	HeLa, 293T, A549	NIH/3T3	Not Tested
Reactivity on WB	+	-	

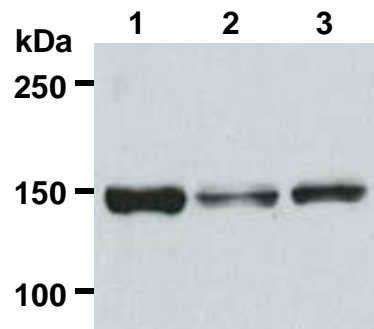
*This antibody does not react with mouse in Western blotting, but can be used in Immunocytochemistry.

INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

REFERENCES:

- 1) Seto, S., *et al.* *PLoS One* **8**, e83324 (2013) [IC]
- 2) Tamaki, H., *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* **586**, 3064-3070 (2012) [IC]
- 3) Diao, A., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **283**, 6957-6967 (2008)
- 4) Alvarez, C., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **276**, 2693-2700 (2001)



Western blot analysis of GM130 expression on HeLa (1), 293T (2) and A549 (3) using PM061.

PROTOCOLS:

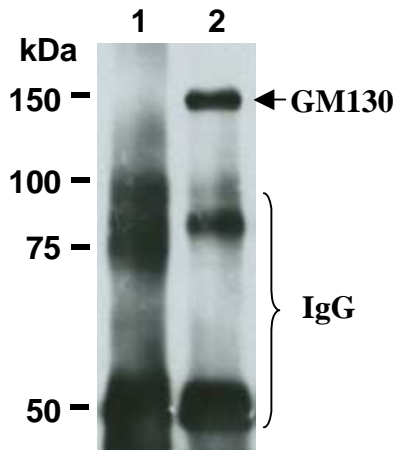
SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- 1) Wash cells (approximately 1×10^7 cells) 3 times with PBS and resuspend them in 1 mL of Laemmli's sample buffer.
- 2) Boil the samples for 2 minutes and centrifuge. Load 10 μ L of sample per lane on a 1-mm-thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel and carry out electrophoresis.
- 3) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacturer's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 4) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4°C .
- 5) Incubate the membrane for 1 hour at room temperature with primary antibody diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS**. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 6) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 7) Incubate the membrane with 1:10,000 of Anti-IgG (Rabbit) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 458) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 8) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 9) Wipe excess buffer off the membrane, and incubate

membrane with an appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute.

- 10) Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with a paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 11) Expose the membrane onto an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 minutes. Develop the film under usual settings. The conditions for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive controls for Western blotting; HeLa, 293T, A549 and Jurkat)



Immunoprecipitation of GM130 from HeLa with normal rabbit IgG (1) or PM061 (2). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with PM061.

Immunoprecipitation

- 1) Wash cells (approximately 1×10^7 cells) 3 times with PBS and resuspend them in 1 mL of cold Lysis buffer [50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% NP-40] containing protease inhibitors at appropriate concentrations. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes; thereafter, briefly sonicate the mixture (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add primary antibody as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** into 300 μ L of the supernatant. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30-120 minutes at 4°C. Add 20 μ L of 50% protein A agarose beads resuspended in the cold Lysis buffer. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 60 minutes at 4°C.
- 4) Wash the beads 3-5 times with the cold Lysis buffer (centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds).
- 5) Resuspend the beads in 20 μ L of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3-5 minutes, and centrifuge for 5 minutes. Use 10 μ L/lane for the SDS-PAGE analysis.
(See **SDS-PAGE & Western blotting**.)

(Positive control for Immunoprecipitation; HeLa)

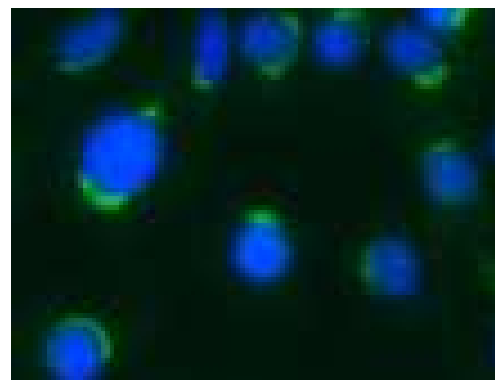
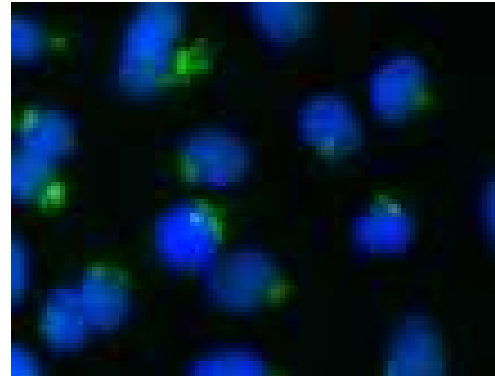
Immunocytochemistry

- 1) Culture the cells in the appropriate condition on a glass slide. (for example, spread 1×10^4 cells for one slide, then

incubate in a CO₂ incubator for one night.)

- 2) Wash the glass slide 2 times with PBS.
- 3) Fix the cells by immersing the slide in PBS containing 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4) Wash the glass slide 3 times with PBS.
- 5) Immerse the slide in PBS containing 0.2% Triton X-100 for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 6) Wash the glass slide 2 times with PBS.
- 7) Add the primary antibody diluted with 2% FCS/PBS as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** onto the cells and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature (Optimization of antibody concentration or incubation condition are recommended if necessary).
- 8) Wash the glass slide 2 times with PBS.
- 9) Add 100 μ L of 1:500 Alexa Fluor[®] 488 conjugated anti-rabbit IgG (Invitrogen; code no. A110374) diluted with PBS onto the cells. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature. Keep out light by aluminum foil.
- 10) Wash the glass slide 3 times with PBS.
- 11) Counter stain with DAPI for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 12) Wash the glass slide 2 times with PBS.
- 13) Wipe excess liquid off the slide but take care not to touch the cells. Never leave the cells to dry.
- 14) Promptly add mounting medium onto the slide, then put a cover slip on it.

(Positive control for Immunocytochemistry; A549 and NIH/3T3)



Immunocytochemical detection of GM130 in A549 (upper) and in NIH/3T3 (lower) with PM061.
Green: Anti-GM130 pAb (PM061)
Blue: DAPI counter stain

RELATED PRODUCTS:

- PD014 Anti-LC3 pAb (polyclonal) (for WB)
- PM036 Anti-LC3 pAb (polyclonal) (for WB, IP, IC, FCM, EM)
- M152-3 Anti-LC3 mAb (4E12) (for WB, IP, FCM)
- M162-3 Anti-p62 (SQSTM1) mAb (5F2)
- PM045 Anti-p62 (SQSTM1) pAb (polyclonal)
- PM059 Anti-KDEL pAb (polyclonal)
- M181-3 Anti-KDEL mAb (1D5)
- PM060 Anti-Calnexin pAb (polyclonal)
- M178-3 Anti-Calnexin mAb (4F10)
- M178-A48 Anti-Calnexin mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (4F10)
- M178-A59 Anti-Calnexin mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (4F10)
- M178-A64 Anti-Calnexin mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (4F10)
- PM061 Anti-GM130 pAb (polyclonal)
- M179-3 Anti-GM130 mAb (5G8)
- M179-A48 Anti-GM130 mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (5G8)
- M179-A59 Anti-GM130 mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (5G8)
- M179-A64 Anti-GM130 mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (5G8)
- PM062 Anti-EEA1 pAb (polyclonal)
- M176-3 Anti-EEA1 mAb (3C10)
- M176-A48 Anti-EEA1 mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (3C10)
- M176-A59 Anti-EEA1 mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (3C10)
- M176-A64 Anti-EEA1 mAb-Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (3C10)
- PM063 Anti-COX4 pAb (polyclonal)
- PM064 Anti-Lamin B1 pAb (polyclonal)