

MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

# Anti-IL-18 (Human) mAb

Code No.	Clone	Subclass	Quantity	Concentration
D045-3	159-12B	Rat IgG2a	100 µL	1 mg/mL

**BACKGROUND:** Interleukin 18 (IL-18) is a 18 kDa cytokine which identified as a costimulatory factor for production of interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ ) in response to toxic shock and shares functional similarities with IL-12. IL-18 is synthesized as a precursor 24 kDa molecule without a signal peptide and must be cleaved to produce an active molecule. IL-1 converting enzyme (ICE, Caspase-1) cleaves pro-IL-18 at aspartic acid in the P1 position, producing the mature, bioactive peptide that is readily released from the cells. It is reported that IL-18 is produced from Kupffer cells, activated macrophages, keratinocytes, intestinal epithelial cells, osteoblasts, adrenal cortex cells and murine diencephalon. IFN- $\gamma$  is produced by activated T or NK cells and plays critical roles in the defense against microbial pathogens. IFN- $\gamma$  activates macrophages, enhances NK activity and B cell maturation, proliferation and Ig secretion, induces MHC class I and II antigens, and inhibits osteoclast activation. IL-18 acts on T helper type-1 (Th1) T cells and in combination with IL-12 strongly induces them to produce IFN- $\gamma$ . Pleiotropic effects of IL-18 has also been reported, such as, enhancement production of IFN- $\gamma$  and GM-CSF in peripheral blood mononuclear cells, production of Th1 cytokines, IL-2, GM-CSF and IFN- $\gamma$  in T cells, enhancement of Fas ligand expression by Th1 cells.

**SOURCE:** This antibody was purified from hybridoma (clone 159-12B) supernatant using protein G agarose. This hybridoma was established by fusion of mouse myeloma cell SP2/0 with SD rat splenocyte immunized with recombinant human IL-18.

**FORMULATION:** 100 µg IgG in 100 µL volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

**STORAGE:** This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

**REACTIVITY:** This antibody reacts with human IL-18 on Immunoprecipitation.

**SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY:**

Species	Human	Mouse	Rat
Sample	Recombinant	Not tested	Not tested
Reactivity on IP	+		

**INTENDED USE:**

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

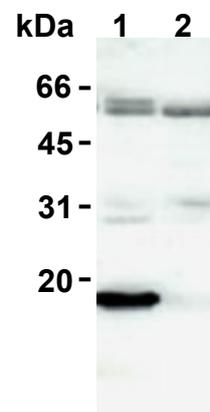
**APPLICATIONS:**

Western blotting; Not recommended  
Immunoprecipitation; 5 µg/0.5 µg recombinant human IL-18  
Immunocytochemistry; Not tested  
Immunohistochemistry; Not tested  
Flow cytometry; Not tested

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOL**.

**REFERENCES:**

- 1) Dao, T., *et al.*, *Cell Immunol.* **173**, 230-235 (1996)
- 2) Micallef, M., *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* **26**, 1647-1651 (1996)
- 3) Ushio, S., *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **156**, 4274-4279 (1996)
- 4) Okamura, H., *et al.*, *Nature* **378**, 88-91 (1995)



**Immunoprecipitation of human IL-18 from recombinant protein with D045-3 (1) and rat IgG (2). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with D043-3.**

The descriptions of the following protocols are examples.  
Each user should determine the appropriate condition.

**PROTOCOL:**

**Immunoprecipitation**

- 1) Suspend 1 µg/ 100 µL of recombinant human IL-18 with 20 mM phosphate buffer (pH 7.0).
- 2) Add the antibody at the amount of as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS**. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30-120 minutes at 4°C. Add 20 µL of 50% protein G agarose beads resuspended in the 20 mM phosphate buffer (pH 7.0). Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 60 minutes at 4°C.
- 3) Wash the beads 3-5 times with the 20 mM phosphate buffer (pH 7.0).  
(Centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds.)
- 4) Resuspend the beads in 20 µL of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3-5 minutes, and centrifuge for 5 minutes. Use 10 µL/lane for the SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 5) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% Methanol). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 6) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4°C.
- 7) Incubate the membrane with 1 µg/mL of Anti-IL-18 (Human) mAb (MBL; code no. D043-3) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody to be used will depend on the condition.)
- 8) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 9) Incubate the membrane with 1:10,000 of Anti-IgG (Mouse) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 330) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 10) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 11) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 12) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 5 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive control for Immunoprecipitation; Recombinant human IL-18)

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