

POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY

Anti-SLC38A2 (SNAT2) (Human) pAb

Code No.
BMP081

Quantity
100 µL

Form
Affinity Purified

BACKGROUND: Members of solute carrier family 38 (SLC38) are sodium-coupled neutral amino acid transporters (SNATs) and resemble transporters involved in the classically described transport system A, which prefer short-chain neutral amino acids like alanine, serine, proline, and glutamine as substrates. SLC38A2, also known as SNAT2, is widely distributed in human tissues and is upregulated under hypertonic conditions and in amino acid deprivation. The depletion of SLC38A2 by siRNA hampers the recovery of cells from hypertonic stress.

SOURCE: This antibody was affinity purified from rabbit serum. The rabbit was immunized with a synthetic peptide derived from human SLC38A2.

FORMULATION: 100 µL volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

STORAGE: This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

REACTIVITY: This antibody can be used to stain endogenous antigen in paraffin embedded human tissues including the esophagus and breast cancer by Immunohistochemistry. The reactivity has been confirmed by Immunocytochemistry, intracellular Flow cytometry and Western blotting to detect the full length of human SLC38A2 transiently expressed in HEK 293T cells.

SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY:

Species	Human	Mouse*	Rat
Tissues	Esophagus, breast cancer	Not tested	Not tested
Reactivity on IHC	+		

*Reactivity of this antibody to mouse is not confirmed in our laboratory. However, it is reported that this antibody reacts with MEF in western blotting²⁾.

APPLICATIONS:

Western blotting; 1:500

Immunoprecipitation; Not tested

Immunohistochemistry (for paraffin embedded section); 1:500

Heat treatment is necessary.

Autoclave; 125°C for 5 minutes in 10 mM citrate buffer containing 0.05% Tween-20 (pH 6.0).

Immunocytochemistry; 1:500

Flow cytometry; 1:500 (final concentration)

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOLS**.

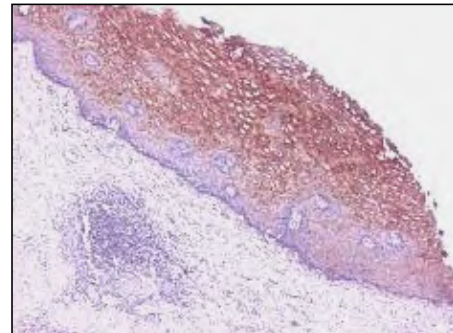
INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

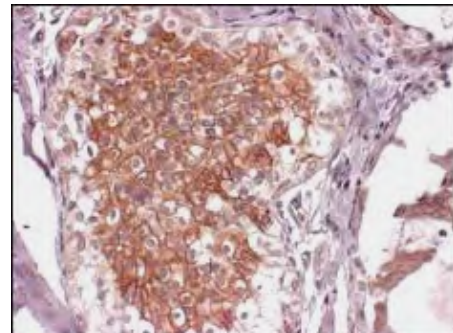
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- 5) Evans, K., *et al.*, *J. Am. Soc. Nephrol.* **19**, 2119-2129 (2008)
- 6) Melone, M., *et al.*, *Neuroscience* **140**, 281-292 (2006)
- 7) Hyde, R., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **277**, 13628-13634 (2002)
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esophagus



breast cancer



Immunohistochemical detection of SLC38A2 on paraffin embedded section of human esophagus and breast cancer with BMP081. Multi pathological types tissue array (MBL) was used for this application.

The descriptions of the following protocols are examples. Each user should determine the appropriate condition.

PROTOCOLS:

Immunohistochemical staining for paraffin-embedded sections

- 1) Deparaffinize the sections with Xylene 3 times for 3-5 minutes each.
- 2) Wash the slides with Ethanol 3 times for 3-5 minutes each.
- 3) Wash the slides with PBS 3 times for 3-5 minutes each.
- 4) Heat treatment
Heat treatment by Autoclave:
Heat the slides immersed in retrieval solution [10 mM citrate buffer containing 0.05% Tween-20 (pH 6.0)] at 125°C for 5 minutes in pressure boiler. After boiling, the slides should remain in the pressure boiler until the temperature is cooled down to 80°C. Let the immersed slides further cool down at room temperature for 40 minutes.
- 5) Remove the slides from the retrieval solution and cover each section with 3% H₂O₂ in PBS for 10 minutes at room temperature to block endogenous peroxidase activity. Wash 3 times in PBS for 5 minutes each.
- 6) Remove the slides from PBS, wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with blocking buffer [0.5% BSA and 5% Normal goat serum in PBS] for 30 minutes at room temperature to block non-specific staining. Do not wash.
- 7) Tip off the blocking buffer, wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with primary antibody diluted with blocking buffer as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS**.
- 8) Incubate the sections overnight at 4°C.
- 9) Wash the slides 3 times in PBS for 5 minutes each.
- 10) Wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with Histostar™ (Ms+Rb) (MBL; code no. 8460). Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature. Wash as in step 9).
- 11) Visualize by reacting for 10 minutes with DAB substrate solution (MBL; code no. 8469). *DAB is a suspect carcinogen and must be handled with care. Always wear gloves.
- 12) Wash the slides in water for 5 minutes.
- 13) Counter stain in hematoxylin for 1 minute, wash the slides 3 times in water for 5 minutes each, and then immerse the slides in PBS for 5 minutes. Dehydrate by immersing in Ethanol 3 times for 3 minutes each, followed by immersing in Xylene 3 times for 3 minutes each.
- 14) Now ready for mounting.

(Positive controls for Immunohistochemistry; Human esophagus and breast cancer)

Immunocytochemistry

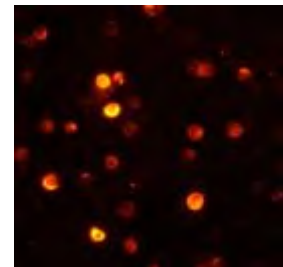
- 1) Culture the cells at an appropriate condition on a glass slide. (for example, spread 1 x 10⁴ cells for one slide, then incubate in a CO₂ incubator for one night.)
- 2) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS.

- 3) Fix the cells by immersing the slide in PBS containing 4% paraformaldehyde (PFA) for 15 minutes at 4°C.
- 4) Wash the slide 2 times with PBS containing 0.5% BSA.
- 5) Immerse the slide in PBS containing 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature.
- 6) Immerse the slide in blocking buffer [0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA, 5% Normal goat serum in PBS] for 15 minutes at room temperature.
- 7) Tip off the washing buffer, add the primary antibody diluted with blocking buffer at a titer as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** onto the cells and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature. (Optimizations of antibody titer or incubation condition is recommended if necessary.)
- 8) Wash the slide 3 times with PBS containing 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA.
- 9) Add Alexa Fluor™ 594 Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Thermo Fisher Scientific; code no. A11037) diluted with blocking buffer. Incubate in the dark for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 10) Wash the slide 3 times with PBS containing 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA.
- 11) Wipe excess liquid from slide but take care not to touch the cells. Never leave the cells to dry.
- 12) Promptly add mounting medium onto the slide, then put a cover slip on it.

SLC24A2/293T



SLC38A2/293T



Immunocytochemical detection of SLC38A2 in 293T transiently expressing SLC24A2 (left) or SLC38A2 (right) with BMP081.

Flow cytometric analysis

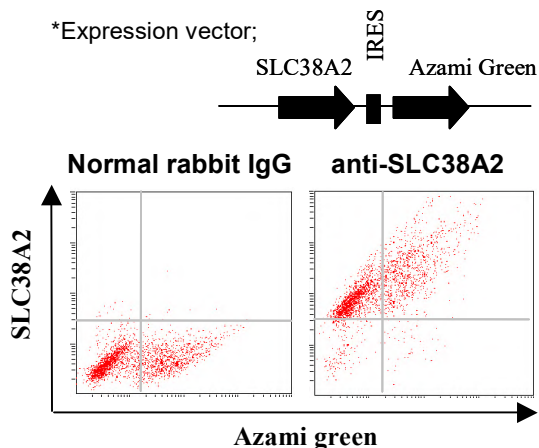
We usually use Fisher tubes or equivalents as reaction tubes for all steps described below.

- 1) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS containing 0.5% BSA.
- 2) Resuspend the cells with PBS containing 0.5% BSA (5 x 10⁶ cells/mL).
- 3) Add 100 µL of the cell suspension into each tube, and centrifuge at 500 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. Remove supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 4) Add 100 µL of PBS containing 4% paraformaldehyde (PFA) to the cell pellet after tapping. Mix well, then fix the cells for 15 minutes at 4°C.
- 5) Wash the cells 2 times with PBS containing 0.5% BSA.
- 6) Add 100 µL of PBS containing 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA to the cell pellet after tapping. Mix well, then permeabilize the cells for 15 minutes at room temperature (20~25°C).
- 7) Add 50 µL of blocking buffer [PBS containing 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA, 5% normal goat serum] to the cell pellet after tapping. Mix well and incubate for 15

minutes at room temperature.

- 8) Add 50 μ L of the primary antibody at a titer as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** diluted with blocking buffer. Mix well and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.
- 9) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS containing 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA.
- 10) Add Alexa Fluor™ 594 Goat anti-rabbit IgG (Thermo Fisher Scientific; code no. A11037) diluted with blocking buffer. Mix well and incubate in the dark for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 11) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS containing 0.1% Triton X-100, 0.5% BSA.
- 12) Resuspend the cells with 500 μ L of PBS containing 0.5% BSA, 2 mM EDTA. Analyze by a flow cytometer.

- 7) Incubate the membrane for 2 hours at room temperature with primary antibody diluted with 2% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS**. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 8) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 9) Incubate the membrane with 1:2,000 of Anti-IgG (Rabbit) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 458) diluted with 2% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 10) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (10 minutes x 3 times).
- 11) Drain excess buffer on the membrane, and incubate membrane with an appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute.
- 12) Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with a paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 13) Expose and develop the film under usual settings. The condition for exposure and development may vary.



Flow cytometric analysis of intracellular SLC38A2 expression on 293T transiently expressing SLC38A2 and Azami green*. The staining intensity of BMP081 is shown in the vertical axis with Azami Green fluorescence on the horizontal axis.

SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- 1) Wash cells (approximately 2×10^6 cells) 3 times with PBS and suspend with 100 μ L of cold Lysis buffer [10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 1% Triton X-100, 1% Sodium deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS] containing protease inhibitors at appropriate concentrations. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes; thereafter, briefly sonicate the mixture (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another fresh tube.
- 3) Mix the sample with equal volume of Laemmli's sample buffer.
- 4) Incubate the samples for 1 hour at 37°C and centrifuge at 10,000 x g for 5 minutes. Transfer the supernatant into a new tube. Load 10 μ L of sample per lane on a 1-mm-thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel and carry out electrophoresis.
- 5) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacturer's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 6) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 2 hours at room